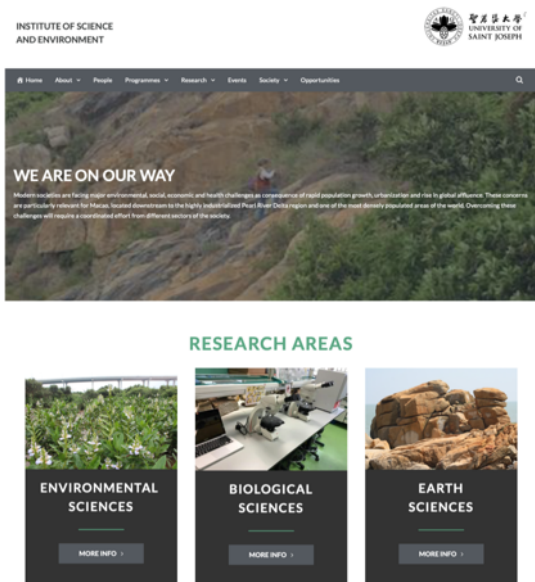


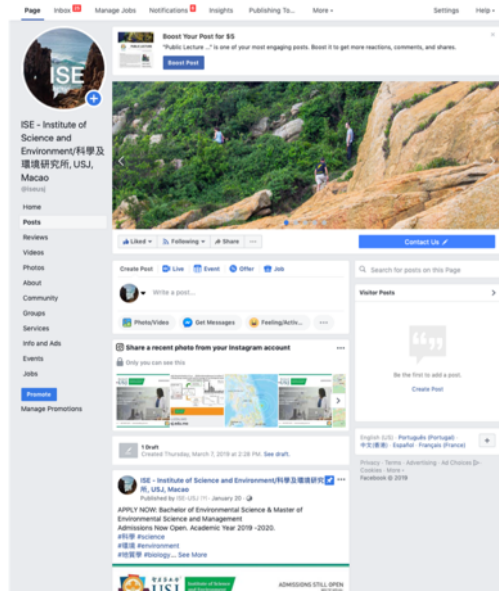
## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

# Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

## SOCIAL MEDIA



<http://ise.usj.edu.mo/microplastics>



<http://www.facebook.com/iseusj/>



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# Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

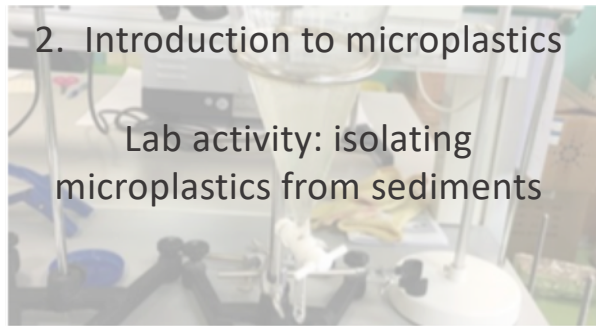
## COURSE OVERVIEW

### 1. Field activities



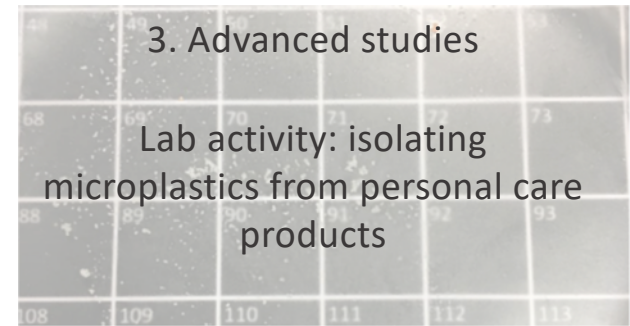
### 2. Introduction to microplastics

Lab activity: isolating microplastics from sediments



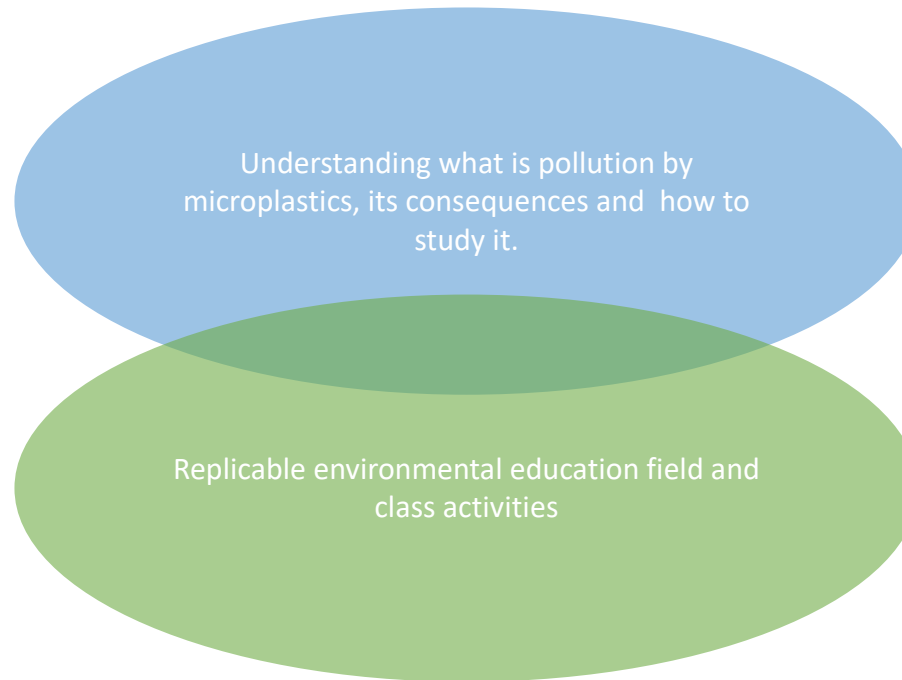
### 3. Advanced studies

Lab activity: isolating microplastics from personal care products



## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

### COURSE GOALS



Give your answer to the following questions:

- 1. What are microplastics?**
- 2. What is the difference between primary and secondary microplastics?**  
**Give some examples.**
- 3. What are the main routes for environmental contamination by microplastics?**

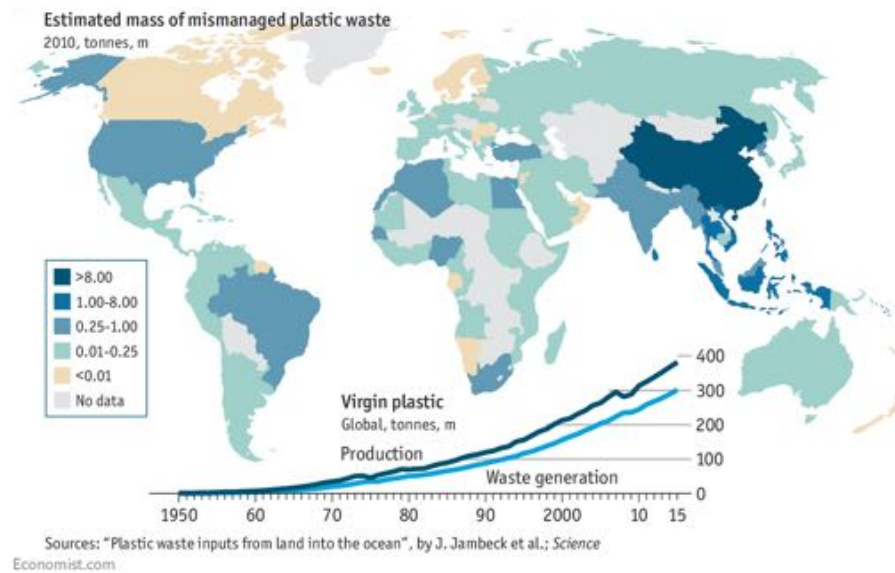
Objectives: stimulate the capacity to search for information, ability to work in a group

## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

### INTRODUCTION TO MICROPLASTICS

#### Trend in global plastic production

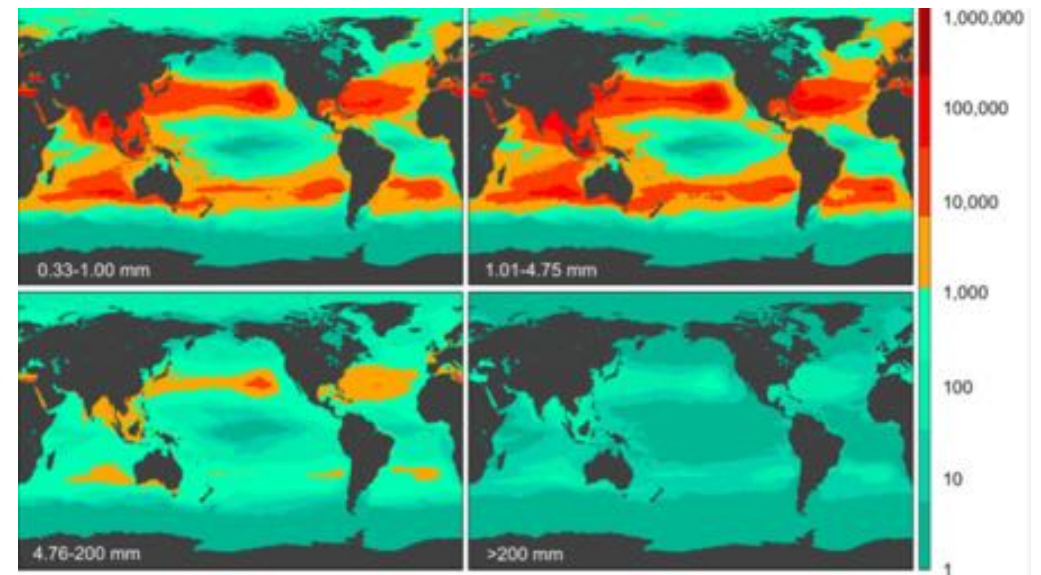
全球的塑料生產趨勢



#### Model estimation of microplastics in the ocean

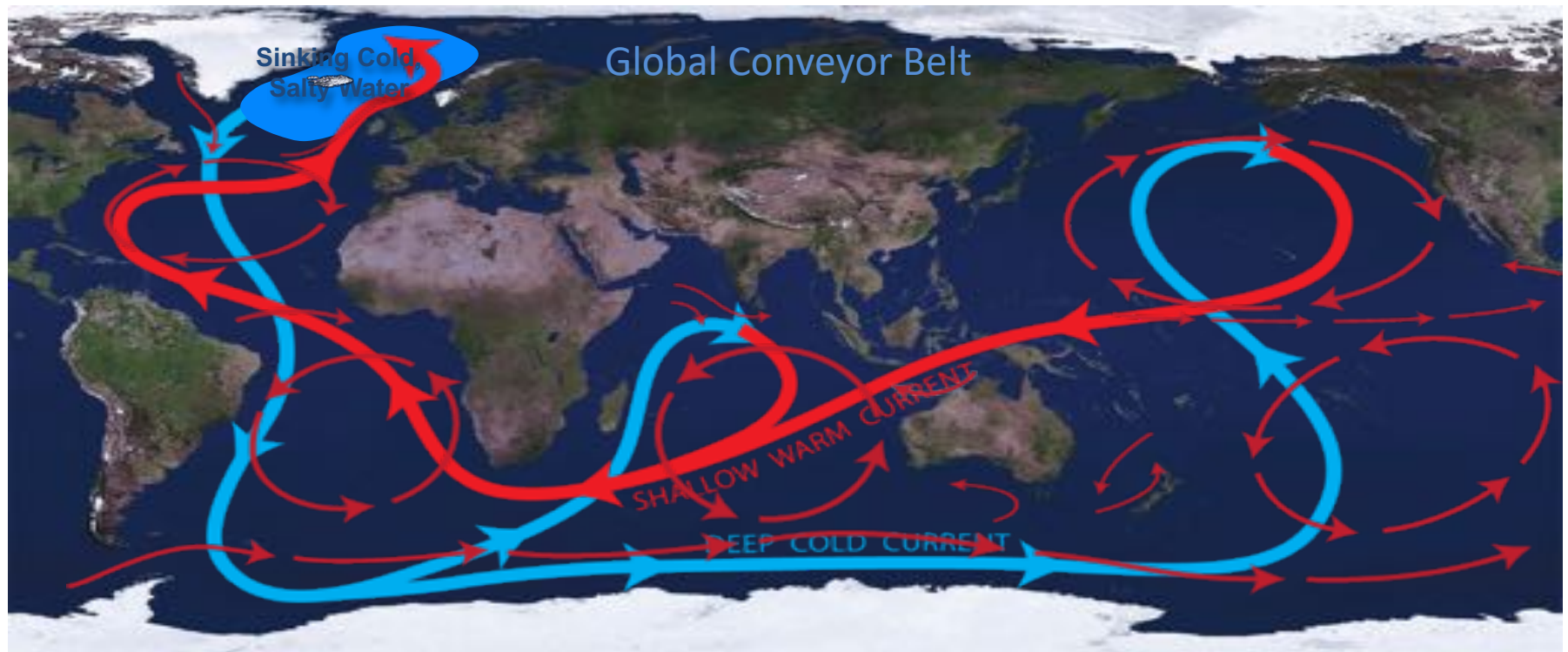
海洋中微型塑料的模型評估

Eriksen et al, PLoS ONE, 2014; DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0111913





INTRODUCTION TO MICROPLASTICS



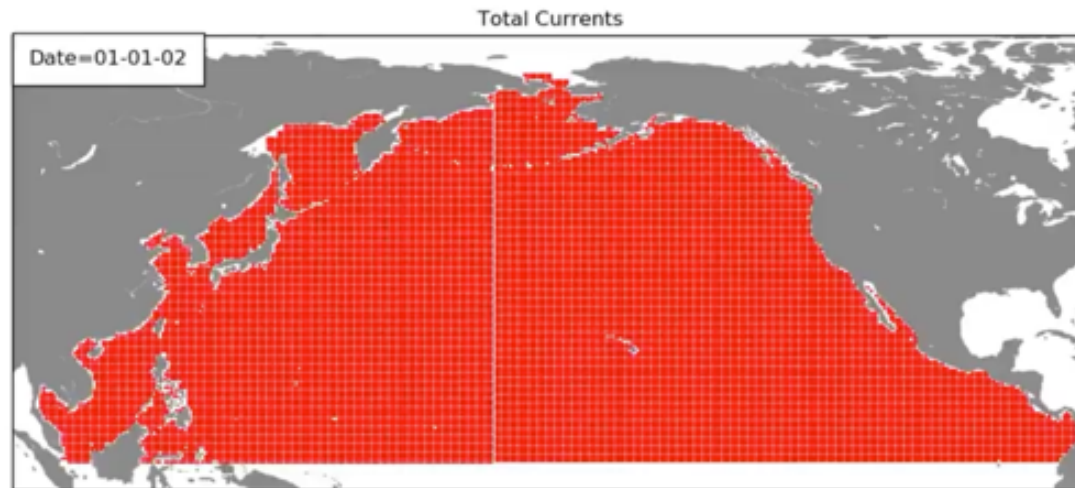
## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

### INTRODUCTION TO MICROPLASTICS





## Where do microplastics go?



Onink et al. *The Role of Ekman Currents, Geostrophy, and Stokes Drift in the Accumulation of Floating Microplastic*, *Journal of Geophysical Research: Oceans* (2019). DOI: 10.1029/2018JC014547

## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

### INTRODUCTION TO MICROPLASTICS



Source: Nasa and NOAA

## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

### TYPES OF PLASTICS



### TYPES OF PLASTICS

Polyethylene  
Terephthalate  
(PET)

Density: 1.38 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### USES

- ▶ Soda bottles
- ▶ Water bottles
- ▶ Salad dressing bottles
- ▶ Medicine jars
- ▶ Peanut butter jars
- ▶ Jelly Jars
- ▶ Combs
- ▶ Bean bags
- ▶ Rope
- ▶ Tote bags
- ▶ Carpet
- ▶ Fiberfill material in winter clothing



### TYPES OF PLASTICS

#### High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE)

Density: 0.95 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### USES

- ▶ Milk jugs
- ▶ Juice containers
- ▶ Grocery bags
- ▶ Trash bags
- ▶ Motor oil container
- ▶ Shampoo and conditioner bottles
- ▶ Soap bottles
- ▶ Detergent containers
- ▶ Bleach containers
- ▶ Toys



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### TYPES OF PLASTICS

#### Polyvinyl Chloride

Density:  
rigid

1.3-1.45 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

flex.

1.1-1.35 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### USES

- ▶ Some tote bags
- ▶ Plumbing pipes
- ▶ Tile
- ▶ Cling films
- ▶ Shoes
- ▶ Gutters
- ▶ Window frames
- ▶ Ducts
- ▶ Sewage pipes





### TYPES OF PLASTICS

#### Low-Density Polyethylene

Density: 0.917-0.930 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### USES

- ▶ Cling wrap
- ▶ Sandwich bags
- ▶ Squeezable bottles for condiments such as honey and mustard
- ▶ Grocery bags
- ▶ Frozen food bags
- ▶ Flexible container lids



TYPES OF PLASTICS

## Polypropylene

### USES

- ▶ Plastic diapers
- ▶ Tupperware
- ▶ Kitchenware
- ▶ Ropes
- ▶ Yogurt containers
- ▶ Prescription bottles
- ▶ Bottle caps
- ▶ Drinking straw
- ▶ Disposable cups and plates

Density: 0.895-0.92 g/cm<sup>3</sup>



TYPES OF PLASTICS

## Polystyrene

▶ **USES**

- ▶ Disposable coffee cups
- ▶ Plastic food boxes
- ▶ Plastic cutlery
- ▶ Packing foam
- ▶ Packing peanuts

Density: 0.96-1.04 g/cm<sup>3</sup>



### TYPES OF PLASTICS

#### Others

##### Include:

- ▶ Polycarbonate
- ▶ Polylactide
- ▶ Acrylic
- ▶ Acrylonitrile butadiene
- ▶ Styrene
- ▶ Fiberglass
- ▶ Nylon

##### USES

- ▶ Plastic CDs and DVDs
- ▶ Baby bottles
- ▶ Large water bottles with multiple-gallon capacity
- ▶ Medical storage containers
- ▶ Eyeglasses
- ▶ Exterior lighting fixtures



### TYPES OF PLASTICS

What is the density of  
a saturated NaCl  
solution?

What about a 25% zinc  
bromide ( $\text{ZnBr}_2$ )  
solution?

Specific gravity of various plastics

| Plastics  | Specific gravity |
|-----------|------------------|
| LDPE      | 0.91~0.93        |
| HDPE      | 0.94~0.97        |
| PP        | 0.90~0.91        |
| PS        | 1.04~1.07        |
| PVC       | 1.35~1.45        |
| ABS       | 0.99~1.10        |
| Polyester | 1.38~1.39        |
| PC        | 1.2              |
| Nylon 66  | 1.13~1.15        |
| Teflon    | 2.1~2.2          |

Source: "Polymer dictionary" by Teikoku Co., Ltd (1970)

## Quantifying Microplastics Using Gravity Methods in the Classroom

Activity | Types and origins of plastic waste in Macao

Input in a shared google spreadsheet data for the waste that you collected during the field trip and analyse the results.

- 1. What were the most common plastic items?**
- 2. What was their origin?**
- 3. What was the oldest plastic item that you could identify?**

Discuss the results under the theme “think globally, act locally”.

Objectives: raise awareness about both the local and global origin of waste. Train numeric and graphical skills





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THANK YOU!